



Sléttjökull drains the Katla caldera beneath Mýrdalsjökull and coalesces with Öldufellsjökull descending north to Mælifellssandur. Although viewed from a different perspective ice surface lowering between 2011 and 2020 is clearly visible by the nunatak that divides the glacier snout into two lobes. Since the turn of the century, Sléttjökull has retreated 0.65–1.35 km. The total area of these glaciers was 156 km<sup>2</sup> in 2010. – *Sléttjökull skríður norður úr Kötluóskjunni undir Mýrdalsjöklum og rennur samsíða Öldufellsjöklum norður á Mælifellssand. Myndirnar sýna vel hvernig jökulyfirborðið hefur lækkað við skerið á tímabilinu 2011–2020. Frá aldamótum hefur Sléttjökull hopað 0,65–1,35 km. Samanlagt flatarmál þessara jöklar var 156 km<sup>2</sup> árið 2010. Photos:Ljósm. Snævarr Guðmundsson, July 16, 2011 and September 5, 2020.*